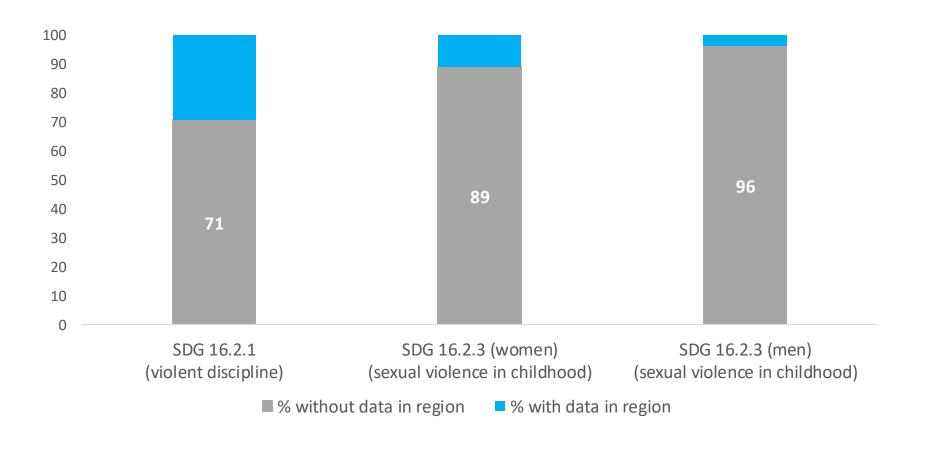
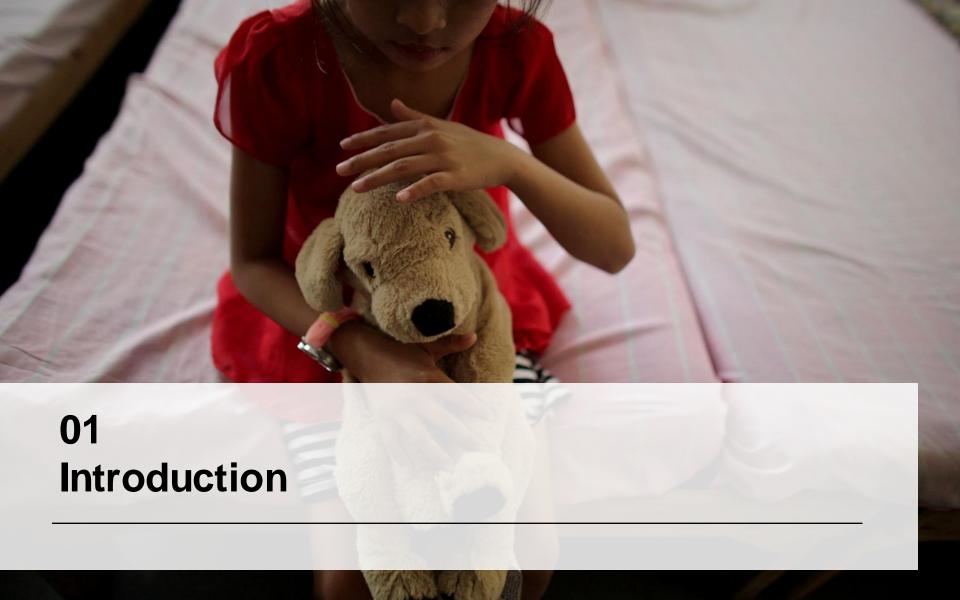


AVAILABILITY OF DATA VIOLENCE AGAINST CHILDREN IN EUROPE AND CENTRAL ASIA





RATIONALE AND PRINCIPLES

 Developed in response to the need to have comprehensive operational definitions of VAC and a statistical codebook/classification of all forms of VAC

• Built on the International Classification of Crime for Statistical Purposes (ICCS) and other classifications

 Follows United Nations Statistics Division's principles on statistical classifications



02
Definition of violence and principles

DEFINITION OF VIOLENCE AGAINT CHILDREN

A deliberate, unwanted and nonessential act, threatened or actual, against a child or against a group of children that either results in or has a high likelihood of resulting in death, injury or other forms of physical and psychological suffering.

ELEMENTS OF DEFINITION

ACTS

Single or repeated acts, including acts of omission

INTER-PERSONAL AND COLLECTIVE ACTS

Individual and group violence

FOUR CONCURRENT CHARACTERISTICS

Non-essential, unwanted, deliberate and harmful

NATURE OF VIOLENT ACTS

Physical, psychological, or sexual and neglect



LEVEL 1 CATEGORIES

01	Homicide of a child
02	Non-fatal physical violence
03	Sexual violence
04	Psychological violence
05	Neglect
09	Other acts of violence not elsewhere classified

DEFINITIONS OF LEVEL 1 CATEGORIES (DRAFT)

Homicide of a child	Non-fatal physical violence	Sexual violence	Psychological violence	Neglect
A non-essential, unwanted and deliberate act leading to death or intending to cause death of a child	A non-essential, unwanted and deliberate act that uses physical force against the body of a child and results or can result in injury, pain, or discomfort	An unwanted, non- essential and deliberate act of sexual nature, either completed or attempted that is perpetrated against a child, including for exploitative purposes	A non-essential, unwanted and deliberate act that harms or has the highly likelihood to harm the self-esteem, identity, or development of the individual child	A non-essential, unwanted, deliberate and ongoing failure to meet a child's physical or psychological needs, protect the child from danger, or obtain medical, educational or other services when those responsible for the child's care have the means, the knowledge, and access to services to do so

Illustrative examples and detailed definitions available as annexes

DISAGGREGATING VARIABLES

VICTIM DISAGGREGATIONS	PERPETRATOR DISAGGREGATIONS	SETTING DISAGGREGATIONS	CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE ACTS DISAGGRETATIONS
GiV – Gender (II)	SP – Gender (II)	Ho – Home (III)	Loc - Location (III)
SoV – Sexual orientation of the victim (III)	GP – Group perpetrator (II)	Ed – Education/school settings (III)	DT - Date and time (III)
AV – Age of victim (I)	AP – Age of perpetrator (II)	Com – Community (III)	
ViP – Victim-perpetrator relationship (II)	VIP – Victim-perpetrator relationship (II)	Car – Residential care facilities (III)	
VH – Previous victimisation history (III)	PH – Previous history of violence/recidivism (III)	Wor – Working places (III)	
BaC - Background characteristics (III)		Cus – Custody, police station/detention (III)	
		DS – Digital spaces and platforms (III)	

(I) = Tier I - in italics (indispensable characteristics)

(II) = Tier II (minimum characteristics)

(III) = Tier III (additional characteristics)



03 Implementation plans

IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

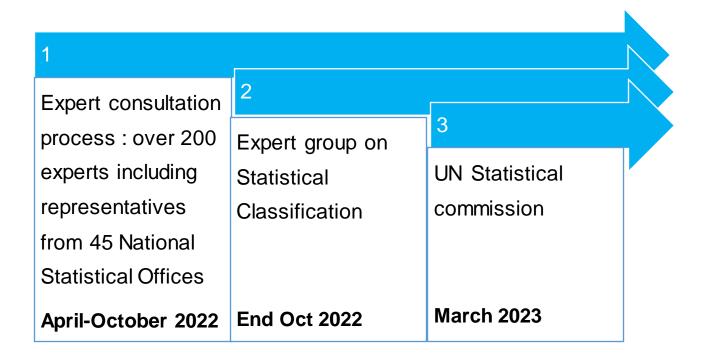
The ICVAC will be made available in the six UN languages (French, English, Spanish, Arabic, Russian, and Chinese) and UNICEF will produce tools for the uptake of ICVAC

Implementation tools	Substantive guidance			
1) To facilitate the mapping of existing national statistical definitions into the ICVAC framework and identify gaps and needs	5) To harmonise population-based survey questions on violence against children with ICVAC			
2) To facilitate the transition from core and minimum disaggregating variables to additional ones	6) To strengthen administrative data on violence against children and how to harmonise it with ICVAC			
3) To develop a national implementation action plan	7) On counting rules for different statistical units such as child victims or perpetrators			
4) To set up multi-sectoral implementation task forces at country level	8) How to use of ICVAC to collect data on specific manifestations of VAC such as online violence, dating violence, school-based violence, etc			
Technical assistance and training (regional workshops in 2023)				



04
Process and next steps

REVIEW AND ADOPTION PLAN



		North	Eastern and	Latin American	East Asia and	West and Central	Middle East and	
Western Europe	and Central Asia	America	Southern Africa	and the Caribbean	the Pacific	Africa	North Africa	
Austria	Albania	Canada	Angola	Brazil	Indonesia	Cote d'Ivoire	Egypt	
Denmark	Belarus		Burundi	Dominican Republic	Malaysia	Equatorial Guinea	Israel	
Finland	Croatia		Kenya	Ecuador	New Zealand	Sierra Leone	Jordan	
France	Moldova		Mauritius	Mexico	Viet Nam		Saudi Arabia	
Hungary	Serbia		Tanzania	Panama				
Iceland	Tajikistan		Zimbabwe	Peru				
	•							
Italy	Turkiye							
Lithuania	Turkmenistan							
Malta			STAT	ISTICAL O	FFICES A	ND COUN	TRY	
Slovak Republic			TEAN	MS PART O	F THE E	XPERT		
Spain								
Sweden	en				SULTATION			
United Kingdom						-		





THANK YOU

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